Wireless WG Workshop May 18, 2007

# Future of Transport Protocol

Jeonghoon Mo @ WINE LAB <jhmo AT icu dot ac dot kr> Information and Communications University







#### **Overview**

- Transport Protocol
- Transport Issues
  - Diverse Infra
  - Diverse Applications
- Infra-based Ubiquitous Transport
- Summary



## **Transport Protocol**

- A protocol in the transport layer that is responsible for
  - End-to-End connection
  - Error Recovery
  - Flow/Congestion Control
- Examples
  - TCP, UDP, DCCP, STCP, ...



## **Trends in Transport Research**

- Late 90's
  - Started to look at wireless TCP problems
  - Mostly single hop solutions
  - Split-TCP, Snoop, Freeze-TCP, ...
- 2000's
  - Multihop problems
    - Ad-hoc, Mesh Network



# **Challenges to Transport Protocol**

- Diverse Infra
  - Wireless
    - High error and low bandwidth
    - Frequent route change (ad-hoc)
    - Cellular, WiMax/WiBro, Wi-Fi, Mesh
  - Satellite
    - Long delay and error-prone channel
- Diverse Applications Requirements
  - P2P
  - Multicast
  - Short Duration Sessions
  - Signaling Application
  - High Bandwidth Protocol
  - Real Time Applications
  - High Mobility



#### **Diverse Infra and Applications**





## Satellite Path

- Issues
  - Long RTT
    - Geo-Stationary altitude: 36,000Km
    - RTT is between 480 and 560ms
  - Low SNR (BER of 10^-7)
- Solutions
  - Window Scaling to cope with the large delay bandwidth product (2Mbps \* 700 msec = 180KB >> (Typical Limit of 64K Byte)

#### Forward Error Correction

Mechanism	Use	Location
Path-MTU Discovery FEC TCP	Recommended Recommended	Sender Link
Slow Start	Required	Sender
Congestion Avoidance	Required	Sender
Fast Retransmit	Recommended	Sender
Fast Recovery	Recommended	Sender
Window Scaling	Recommended	Sender and Receiver
PAWS	Recommended	Sender and Receiver
rttm	Recommended	Sender and Receiver
Sack	Recommended	Sender and Receiver



#### **Wireless Environment**

- Issues
  - High BER
  - Mobility
  - Variable RTT
  - MultiHop
- Solutions
  - TCP-Sack (selective Ack), TCP-Westwood
  - TCP-ECN (Explicit Congestion Notification) or ELN, ...
  - Cellular network: Snoop, Split-TCP, Freeze-TCP





## **Short Duration Session**

- Issues
  - Short duration transactions can take too long if loss happens in the beginning.
- Solutions
  - T/TCP (RFC 1644)



# Signaling

- Issues
  - Some applications do not need strict ordering of packets
    - e.g. HTTP
  - MultiHoming is possible.
- Solutions: SCTP (RFC2960)
  - Streaming Control Transport Protocol (SCTP)
    - Originally designed to support PSTN signaling messages over IP Networks
    - Adopt similar congestion and flow control as TCP





# **High Bandwidth Transport**

- Issues
  - Would like to transmit in the order of 10-100Gbps
- Solutions
  - HighSpeed TCP/FAST/BIC TCP

More Aggressive Increase of Windows



## **Real Time Transport**

- Issues
  - How to support video/audio applications over wireless/wired networks
- Solutions
  - Relies on applications
    - RTP/UDP/IP or RTP/TCP/IP
  - Modified Transport
    - TCP-RTM
  - Cross Layer Optimizations



#### **Future Transport Requirements**

- Fast Response to
  - Different Infra
  - Different Applications
- Security & Reliability









#### **Research Questions**

- Brand New Transport or Improved Transport?
- Current Approach
  - Many different versions of Transport
  - TCP\_for\_ad\_hoc, TCP\_for\_web, ...



#### **Brand New Transport?**





# **Brand New Transport**



- Bearer Transport
  - Performs the minimal transport functions
    - Reliable Transmission
    - SYN/ACK
    - Control Mechanism
  - App. Convergence Layer
    - Application Specific Functions
- MAC/PHY Convergence Layer
  - Phy/MAC specific Functions





# Summary

- Transport protocol needs to deal with diverse applications and different PHY/MAC layers.
  - Diverse PHY/MAC
    - Cellular, WiMax/WiBro, Wi-Fi, Mesh
  - Diverse Applications
    - P2P, Multicast, Short Duration Sessions, Signaling Application, High Bandwidth Protocol, Real Time Applications, High Mobility
- Future Transport should be able to handle these challenges





100

a start

Ì

03